

Migration and Development

A short introduction

Stefan Bigler

Global Program Migration and Development

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Facts and Figures

Figures:

Global Population: 7 billion

International Migrants: 234 million (= 3.1%)

Internal Migrants: 715 million (=10.1%)

Displaced (Refugees): 55 million (18 million)

Remittances (South): USD 434 billion

Facts:

- Large parts of human mobility remains within regions
- Women almost half of global migration
- 200 of the Fortune 500 companies founded by an immigrant or his/her children (2013)

Migrants – Actors of Development

Actors of development

→Ressources /

Competences

- →Potentiel
- →Work

Victims of armed conflict, natural disasters and human trafficking

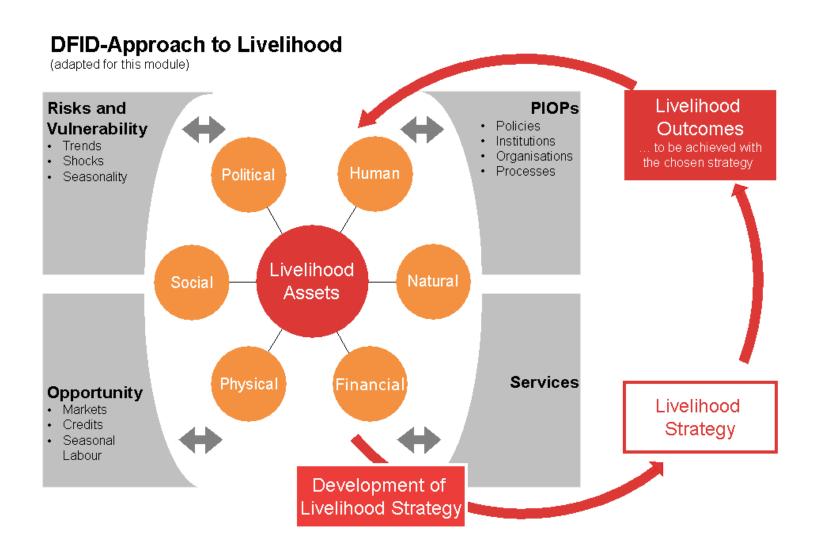
- → Protection
- → Support

Migrants

The large majority are migrant workers

Forced displaced migrants are the minority

Migration as Livelihood Strategy



Migration – A Factor of Development

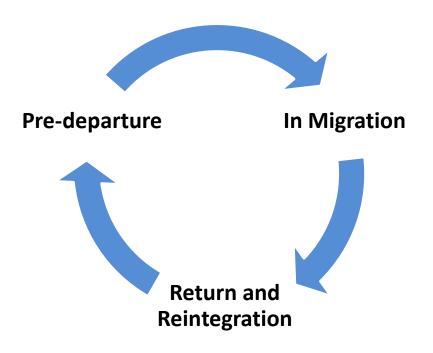
Migration's contribution to development

- Remittances
- Transfer of skills, knowledge and technologies
- Increase in trade and investment
- Diaspora engagement

Cost of migration

- Social cost
- Economic cost
- Brain drain
- Abuse and exploitation

The Migration Cycle



Diversity of Labour Migration

South Asia – Middle East

- Formal and regulated
- Circular

West Africa

- Informal
- Internal and international

Latin America – North America

- Irregular
- Aim of settling down

Africa - Europe

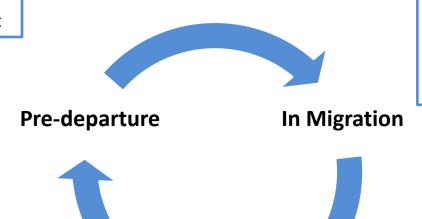
- Irregular
- Mixed migration

The Migration Cycle

- Recruitment
- Pre-departure information
- Skills Development

Skills related

- VSD for migration
- Skills matching
- Harmonization and recognition
- Brain drain/circulation
- Soft skills (predeparture information)
- Role of private sector (incl. recruitment agencies)



Return and

Reintegration

- Rights of migrants
- Services (social, financial, legal)
- Remittances
- Diasopora
- Preparation for return

Skills related

- Learning on the job (informal skills development and soft skills) and recognition
- Formal up-skilling (access and recognition)
- Diaspora: transfer of skills while in migration, access to education

- Transfer of skills, knowledge and technologies
- Economic support
- Social and psychosocial support

Skills related

- Transfer of skills (hard and soft)
- Recognition
- Brain gain/circulation
- Use of skills (employment/self employment)